CLAIMS:

We claim

1. A silicoaluminophosphate molecular sieve comprising at least one intergrown phase of molecular sieves having AEI and CHA framework types, wherein said intergrown phase has an AEI/CHA ratio of from about 5/95 to 40/60 as determined by DIFFaX analysis, using the powder X-ray diffraction pattern of a calcined sample of said silicoaluminophosphate molecular sieve.

10

2. The silicoaluminophosphate molecular sieve of claim 1, wherein said intergrown phase has an AEI/CHA ratio of from about 7/93 to 38/62.

15

4.

3. The silicoaluminophosphate molecular sieve of claim 1, wherein said intergrown phase has an AEI/CHA ratio of from about 8/92 to 35/65.

intergrown phase has an AEI/CHA ratio of from about 9/91 to 33/67.

sieve having CHA framework type is SAPO-34.

5. The silicoaluminophosphate molecular sieve of claim 1 wherein the molecular

The silicoaluminophosphate molecular sieve of claim 1, wherein said

20

6. The silicoaluminophosphate molecular sieve of claim 1 wherein the molecular sieve having AEI framework type is SAPO-18, ALPO-18 or a mixture of SAPO-18 and ALPO-18.

25

7. The silicoaluminophosphate molecular sieve of claim 1 wherein said silicoaluminophosphate molecular sieve has an X-ray diffraction pattern having at least one reflection peak in each of the following ranges in the 5 to 25 (2 θ) range:

2θ (CuKα)
9.3 - 9.6
12.7 - 13.0
13.8 - 14.0
15.9 - 16.1
17.7 - 18.1
18.9 - 19.1
20.5 - 20.7
23.7 - 24.0

- 8. The silicoaluminophosphate molecular sieve of claim 5 wherein the X-ray diffraction pattern has no reflection peak in the 9.8 to 12.0 (20) range.
- 9. The silicoaluminophosphate molecular sieve of claim 5 wherein the X-ray diffraction pattern has no broad feature centered at about 16.9 (20).
- 10. The silicoaluminophosphate molecular sieve of claim 8 wherein the X-ray diffraction pattern has no broad feature centered at about 16.9 (2θ).
- 11. The silicoaluminophosphate molecular sieve of claim 6 wherein the reflection peak in the $17.7 18.1 (2\theta)$ range has a relative intensity between 0.09 and 0.40 with respect to the reflection peak at 17.9 (2 θ) in the diffraction pattern of SAPO-34, all diffraction patterns being normalized to the intensity value of the reflection peak in the 20.5-20.7 (2 θ) range.
- 12. The silicoaluminophosphate molecular sieve of claim 11 wherein the reflection peak in the 17.7 18.1 (2θ) range has a relative intensity between 0.10 and

20

25

5

- 0.35 with respect to the reflection peak at 17.9 (20) in the diffraction pattern of SAPO-34,
- 13. The silicoaluminophosphate molecular sieve of claim 1 wherein the silica to alumina molar ratio (SiO₂/Al₂O₃) ranges from 0.01 to 0.25.
 - 14. The silicoaluminophosphate molecular sieve of claim 13 wherein the silica to alumina molar ratio (SiO_2/Al_2O_3) ranges from 0.02 to 0.20.
- 15. The silicoaluminophosphate molecular sieve of claim 13 wherein the silica to alumina molar ratio (SiO₂/Al₂O₃) ranges from 0.03 to 0.19.
 - 16. The silicoaluminophosphate molecular sieve of claim 1, wherein the molecular sieve is comprised of crystalline plates, platelets or stacked platelets.
 - 17. The silicoaluminophosphate molecular sieve of claim 16. Wherein the average smallest crystal dimension of the molecular sieve is less than 0.1 micron.
 - 18. A catalyst comprising the silicoaluminophosphate molecular sieve of claim 1 and a binder.
 - 19. A process for making an olefin product from an oxygenate feedstock comprising contacting said oxygenate feedstock with a catalyst comprising a silicoaluminophosphate molecular sieve comprising at least one intergrown phase of molecular sieves having AEI and CHA framework types, wherein said intergrown phase has an AEI/CHA ratio of from about 5/95 to 40/60 as determined by DIFFaX analysis, using the powder X-ray diffraction pattern of a calcined sample of said

25

silicoaluminophosphate molecular sieve, under conditions effective to form an olefin product.

- 20. The process of claim 19, wherein the oxygenate is selected from methanol; ethanol; n-propanol; isopropanol; C₄ C₂₀ alcohols; methyl ether; dimethyl ether; diethyl ether; di-isopropyl ether; formaldehyde; dimethyl carbonate; dimethyl ketone; acetic acid; and mixtures thereof.
- The process of claim 20, wherein the oxygenate is selected from methanol,dimethyl ether, and mixtures thereof.
 - 22. The process of claim 19, wherein the oxygenate is methanol.
 - 23. The process of claim 19, wherein the selectivity to ethylene and propylene is equal to or greater than 75.0%.
 - 24. The process of claim 23, wherein the ethylene to propylene ratio is equal to or greater than 0.75.
- 25. The process of claim 24, wherein the selectivity to propane is equal to or lower than 1.0%.
 - 26. The process of claim 19, wherein the selectivity to propane is equal to or smaller than 1.0%.
 - 27. A silicoaluminophosphate molecular sieve exhibiting an X-ray diffraction pattern having at least one reflection peak in each of the following ranges in the 5 to 25 (20) range:

10

15

and having no reflection peak in the 9.8 to 12.0 (2 θ) range.

- 28. The silicoaluminophosphate molecular sieve of claim 27 exhibiting an X-ray diffraction pattern having no broad feature centered at about 16.9 (2θ).
- 29. The silicoaluminophosphate molecular sieve of claim 28, wherein the reflection peak in the 17.7 18.1 (20) range has a relative intensity between 0.09 and 0.40 with respect to the reflection peak at 17.9 (20) in the diffraction pattern of SAPO-34, all diffraction patterns being normalized to the intensity value of the reflection peak in the 20.5-20.7 (20) range.
- 30. The silicoaluminophosphate molecular sieve of claim 28, wherein the reflection peak in the 17.7 18.1 (2θ) range has a relative intensity between 0.10 and 0.35 with respect to the reflection peak at 17.9 (2θ) in the diffraction pattern of SAPO-34, all diffraction patterns being normalized to the intensity value of the reflection peak in the 20.5-20.7 (2θ) range.

15

20

25

- 31. The silicoaluminophosphate molecular sieve of claim 28, wherein the silica to alumina molar ratio (SiO_2/Al_2O_3) in said silicoaluminophosphate molecular sieve ranges from 0.01 to 0.25.
- The silicoaluminophosphate molecular sieve of claim 27, wherein the silica to alumina molar ratio (SiO₂/Al₂O₃) in said silicoaluminophosphate molecular sieve ranges from 0.02 to 0.20.
 - 33. The silicoaluminophosphate molecular sieve of claim 27, wherein the silica to alumina molar ratio (SiO₂/Al₂O₃) in said silicoaluminophosphate molecular sieve ranges from 0.03 to 0.19.
 - 34. The silicoaluminophosphate molecular sieve of claim 28, wherein the molecular sieve is comprised of crystalline plates, platelets or stacked platelets.
 - 35. The silicoaluminophosphate molecular sieve of claim 34, wherein the average smallest crystal dimensiion is less than 0.1 micron.
 - 36. A catalyst comprising the silicoaluminophosphate molecular sieve of claim 28 and a binder.
 - 37. A method for preparing the molecular sieve of claim 1 that comprises
 - a) combining a reactive source of silicon, a reactive source of phosphorus and a hydrated aluminum oxide in the presence of an organic structure directing agent (template) to form a mixture;
 - b) mixing and heating continuously the mixture prepared at step a) up to the crystallization temperature;

regional to m

officials of so

20

25

5

- c) maintaining the mixture at the crystallization temperature and under stirring for a period of time of from 2 to 150 hours;
- d) recovering crystals of the silicoaluminophosphate molecular sieve wherein the mixture prepared at step a) has a molar composition within the following ranges:

 P_2O_5 : Al_2O_3 from 0.6:1 to 1.2:1

 SiO_2 : Al₂O₃ from 0.005:1 to 0.35:1

H₂O : Al₂O₃ from 10:1 to 40:1

and the template is a tetraethylammonium compound.

130°C and 200°C, most preferably from 150°C to 185°C.

38. The method for preparing the molecular sieve of claim 37, wherein the crystallization temperature is between about 120°C and 250°C, preferably from

- 39. The method for preparing the molecular sieve of claim 37, wherein step b) is carried out for a period of from about 5 to about 16 hours, preferably of from about 6 to 12 hours.
- 40. The method for preparing the molecular sieve of claim 38, wherein the template is a tetraethylammonium compound, preferably tetraethylammonium hydroxide.
 - 41. The method for preparing the molecular sieve of claim 37, wherein the hydrated aluminum oxide is pseudoboehmite.
 - 42. The method for preparing the molecular sieve of claim 37, wherein SAPO-34 seeds are combined with the reactive source of silicon, the reactive source of

phosphorus, the hydrated aluminum oxide and the organic structure directing agent (template).